

SEYMORE DAILY REPUBLICAN

VOLUME XXX NO. 90

SEYMORE, INDIANA, THURSDAY, MARCH 2, 1911.

PRICE TWO CENTS

RAILROAD BILL WILL BECOME LAW

B. & O. S-W. Will Stop Four Trains
Each Way Daily at Browns-
town.

WILL IMPROVE THE SERVICE.

The Measure Has Been Signed By the
Governor and It Will Become Ef-
fective When Published.

The bill which was introduced by Senator Will A. Wood requiring at least four passenger trains to stop at county seats each week has been passed by both branches of the legislature and the measure has been signed by the governor. The bill effects only the county seats which do not have interurban service. It was of much interest in this county as Brownstown will have several more trains daily than stop at that place at the present time. The improved service will be of much benefit to the attorneys and citizens who are required to visit the county seat frequently.

The bill does not contain an emergency clause and will not become effective until after the laws have been printed and distributed, which will probably be in the latter part of May. It is not probable that the B. & O. S-W Company will inaugurate the new service until that time as it is said that they will lose several minutes each day in making the required stops.

It has not yet been decided what additional trains will stop at Brownstown. One of them will likely be No. 2, east bound due there at 3:27 p. m. There are also two other eastbound trains that do not stop there, Nos. 12 due about 4 a. m. and 6, due at 5:32 p. m. One of these will also take on passengers at Brownstown. The public would be pleased to have No. 11, westbound, due there at 2:15 p. m. make the stop but as this is one of the fastest trains on the road it is thought he company will have No. 1 stop. This arrives at Brownstown shortly before noon.

With the additional trains the accommodations to Brownstown will be greatly improved, and citizens here can go and return at a reasonable hour. Under the present schedule it is necessary to go to Brownstown on the early morning train, on No. 7 at 10:20 or on No. 3 at midnight. There are only two trains upon which the return trip can be made. No. 4 at 9:08 a. m. and No. 8 arriving here late in the afternoon.

Besides being an accommodation to citizens who have business at the county seat, the new trains will likely result in a large legal business in this county. Under the present schedule any county seat of the adjoining counties can be reached more easily than the one in this county. The train service to North Vernon is much better than to Brownstown; the interurban lines have a car each hour to Scottsburg and Columbus, and even Bedford can be reached about as easily as the county seat of Jackson. Many lawyers say that if possible they venue their cases to the adjoining counties rather than have the cases tried here as it is difficult for the witnesses to attend court at Brownstown. The improved

train service, however, will make this more convenient and consequently many cases will remain here which were formerly venued to other counties.

LENTEN SEASON.

Began at St. Ambrose Catholic Church Wednesday.

The observation of Ash Wednesday marked the opening of the Lenten season at the St. Ambrose Catholic church. During this season there are a number of services, but for the first time in the history of this church these services cannot be carried out in full because of the quarantine regulations. All members of the Catholic church over twenty-one years of age and under sixty years of age are required to observe the regulations of the Lenten season. However, laboring men are to some degree exempted from following the rules in every particular.

The Lenten season, consisting of forty days of prayer, fasting and penance began Wednesday of this week, when the majority of the Catholic churches; gave instructions in religious subjects, dealing only with points concerning the faith and the church.

Regulations for the conduct of the church members throughout Lent this year are no different from those which have been used for years. They prescribe a strict fast, forbid the use of flesh meat except on Sunday and counsel spiritual introspection and the sacrifice of pleasures that are legitimate at any other time of the year.

Ash Wednesday is marked by the beginning of penance. Throughout the services that follow the sufferings of Christ are embodied in the somber exercises, the object being to impress the recollection of death and judgment. Purple is the color of the season and it predominates in all things.

In this manner the solemn observation of the season goes forth, interrupted occasionally by some special observance until Palm Sunday, which feast commemorates the entrance into Jerusalem of Christ and is characterized by the distribution of the palms.

From Palm Sunday to Easter the services are the most solemn, interpretations of the mysteries involved having been taken from the works of the most learned of ancient priests. The church combines with these ceremonies a number of other observances peculiar to the subject and the season and including the blessing of the holy water.

Easter Sunday, with its brilliant colors and joyful brightness, symbolizes the end of the period of contemplation of somber recollections. This year its observance falls on April 16, and the reaction from the period of fasting and the atmosphere of mourning will be marked by the glow of candles, and the sparkle of bright raiment, in keeping with the splendor of the chant and, too, by the radiance of early spring itself.

All Christian churches observe Easter, but the most elaborate ceremony is that of the Catholic church. In others special exercises in celebration of the same events are always held and are in the nature of special programs of music and sermons. The season is always marked by the most splendid music of a religious type that it is possible to provide and this year will not fail by comparison with others.

The Sparta is the right place for Ice Cream and Candies. j10tf

Potato onion sets at Bee Hive.

m3d

CHAIRMAN LONG FINDS CASH GONE

Senator From This District as Head
of Expense Committee In Desperate
Need of Money.

LEGISLATORS WANT THEIR PAY

Expenses of Present Session Have
Already Exceeded Appropriation
by Over \$2,000.

Senator Long, of this district, chairman of the legislative expense committee is having considerable trouble in getting his hands on enough money to pay the legislators for their last week's work and to meet the other expenses connected with the session. Ed D. Donnell, is secretary of the same committee, and with Chairman Long has been holding a number of conferences trying and devise some means of making "both ends meet." The trouble began when Senator Long discovered that the expenses of the session thus far amounted to \$122,000 and that only \$120,000 was appropriated at the beginning of the legislature.

As the result of the depleted appropriation, some senators and representatives are wondering whether they will be able to get their last week's pay, but they have been reassured by the reminder that there was included in the specific appropriation bill an item that will take care of that question. When the specific appropriation measure was up for consideration a day or two ago Senator Stotsenburg, foreseeing the possibility of the appropriation being insufficient to pay all the expenses of the session, inserted an amendment to provide that any deficiency in the regular appropriation might be paid by the auditor of state.

This money is available and Senator Long has given assurance that the members will not be in danger of losing their final week's pay.

Mr. Donnel made a detailed report yesterday of the expenses incurred by the Sixty-seventh General Assembly up to March 1. An interesting feature of the report is that the total annual expense of employees of the Senate is greater than that of the members. There are more employees in the Upper House than there are members and their salaries are within \$1 a day of being as much as those of the members. The employees, average \$5 a day, while the compensation of the members is \$6 a day.

The report shows the Senate expense, including salaries and mileage, is \$20,000. Employees who receive no mileage have been paid \$21,415.50. The House and Senate printing bills to date have amounted to \$15,500. The total amount paid out in per diem and mileage to the members of the House is \$40,347.20, and this, together with other expenses, amounts to \$122,091.20.

Secretary Donnell says that between \$7,000 and \$8,000 additional will be required to meet all the expenses of the session. The Democratic members say this will be less than the amount expended by the previous Legislature, one-half of which was Democratic.

Kindling and coal at H. F. White's.

m3d

After The Fire What?

There are two answers to that Gruesome Query.

One spells total loss. Original investment gone, building and contents in ashes. A new start and many regrets.

THE OTHER, "a fire insurance policy," under which the loss is promptly adjusted, and settlement made in cash without discount when money is most needed.

Be on the safe side by securing a policy with

FRED EVERBACK
AGENCY COMPANY

Office over Milhaus Drug Store

I. & L. Traction Co.

DIED.

SEIDER—Mrs. Jacob Seider died at 12:15 today at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. W. A. Laupus, of diabetes from which she had been suffering for some time. She made her home with her daughter in Jeffersonville but had been visiting here for about two months. She was born in Germany and was sixty-one years old. She was married to Jacob Seider in Philadelphia. For about ten years she lived in Seymour and many of the older citizens will remember her. About twenty years ago she and her family moved to Jeffersonville, where her husband died about five years ago. She leaves three daughters: Mrs. W. A. Laupus, of Seymour; and Mrs. August Ell and Miss Alma Seider, of Jeffersonville. The remains will be taken to Jeffersonville tomorrow morning on the 10:10 a. m. train. Friends wishing to view the remains are requested to call before that time. The funeral will be held at Jeffersonville Sunday.

—o—

LANGSTON—E. B. Langston, a prosperous and well known farmer died early this morning south of Seymour after an illness of three months. He was 72 years old and was born in Fayette county but had long been a resident of this county. He lived near Brownstown for a number of years and had been located south of Seymour about two years. He was very highly esteemed in the community. His wife and one son, John Langston survive him. The funeral services will be held at the home at 10 a. m. Saturday. Burial will probably be at Riverview.

PROPOSED MEASURE

Gives The Mayor The Right to Remove
Officers Appointed by Himself.

A bill has been introduced in the house which, if passed, will affect Seymour. The measure proposes to give to the mayors of the city of the fifth class the right to remove without cause all city attorneys, marshals or policemen appointed by himself.

The bill was first introduced by Representative Curtis and provided for a metropolitan board for cities of the fifth class. Representative Core, of Bloomington, who is interested in the measure, moved to amend the bill as above, after it had been lost. This bill will give the mayors absolute control over all the officers he appoints, and if at any time they do not follow his directions or he becomes dissatisfied with their work he can remove them without any proceedings whatever.

MINISTER WINS.

Indictment Against Rev. L. V. P. Williams Quashed.

Judge Shea Wednesday sustained the motion to quash the indictment against Rev. L. V. P. Williams the Baptist minister, charged with holding a meeting at Crothersville in violation of the scarlet fever quarantine which had been established by the local health board.

Argument was heard several days ago on the motion to quash Judge Montgomery and J. A. Cox appearing for the defense and Prosecutor Hayes in the state. The defense presented a number of points in its argument for quashing the indictment.

Piano Expert Here.

Fred L. P. Kline, of Indianapolis, the well known piano expert is here. Kline's key sayer and other inventions are new revelations to the musical world. Our claim is a hundred per cent. better touch and tone on every new and old piano. It is valuable and durable. This is certain. Let's prove it to you. Leave word at New Lynn drug store. m4d

Get The Price

In a Library Table at Lumpkin's.
f16dtf

E. L. Moseley left yesterday for a business trip in the north part of the state. He will remain until the latter part of the week.

Want Ads in the Republican get Results

Ship Your Goods by

Interurban

Freight or Express.

It's Quick and Sure

I. & L. Traction Co.

You Can

Save money in furniture at Lumpkin's

f16dtf

Andrews-Schwenk Drug Co.

The Rexall Store

Registered Pharmacists

Phone 633

Hoadley's Grocery

MANY ASK ABOUT EXEMPTION LAW

Affidavits for Deduction of Taxes

May be Filed With Assessor Dur-
ing March and April.

AMOUNT IS LIMITED TO \$700.

Law Provides That No Mortgage
Shall be Allowed More Than One
Exemption.

The deputy assessors are fairly started in their work and already many persons have been inquiring about the mortgage exemption law.

The law provides that if property owners have a mortgage for more than \$700 an exemption from taxes may be secured for that amount, but if the mortgage is less than \$700 the deduction of taxes will only be one-half of that sum. For instance if a person has a mortgage for \$3,000 they may be exempted from taxation for the amount of \$700, but if the amount of the mortgage was only \$300 the deduction would be only \$150.

The person getting the exemption must make an affidavit of the amount of the mortgage and file a request with the county assessor for the exemption. When the time for filing exemptions has expired the affidavits are collected and tabulated and the exemptions entered on the tax duplicate.

In that manner the amounts due to be exempted are deducted on the duplicate and when the man or woman who has a mortgage on his property pays taxes the amount he got off by virtue of the mortgage deduction has already been deducted.

No mortgage will be allowed more than one exemption, no matter how large it may be or how many counties the land extends to. No mortgagor is allowed to file more than one exemption on land that extends into more than one county. A husband cannot fill out a mortgage deduction affidavit for his wife if she owns the property and a wife cannot perform this service for her husband if he owns the property. Where husband and wife are joint owners of property both must sign the mortgage deduction affidavit.

The blanks for the affidavits of the mortgage indebtedness may be secured from County Assessor J. B. Cross. The form has a blank for the name of the person making the affidavit which states that the person being duly sworn, upon oath, deposes and says that he was on the first day of March, 1911, the owner of the following described real estate, situated in blank township, blank county, Indiana, to wit. Then follow blanks for the description of the property.

Continuing, the blank says: "That there is an actual bona fide mortgage indebtedness existing against said real estate, and that there was owing and unpaid on the first day of March, 1911, the sum of . . . dollars; that the name of the mortgagee, to whom said mortgage was given is that he resides in in county, in the state of

"The name of the assignee of bona fide holder of said mortgage is county, in the state of ; that said mortgage is recorded in Record No. Page No. , in the recorder's office of county, Indiana, and that the following is a description of the land on which said mortgage exists, viz: " Then follows a description of the property.

The affidavit closes with the following: "That this affidavit is made for the purpose of having said mortgage indebtedness deducted from the assessed valuation of said mortgaged premises for the year 1911 as provided by an Act of the General Assembly of the state of Indiana, entitled 'An Act concerning the taxation of real estate encumbered by mortgage, and declaring an emergency.' And affiant further says that he has not and will not ask for a mortgage deduction in excess of seven hundred dollars and has not and will not ask for a credit for the amount of the above mortgage deduction on his personal property."

G. H. ANDERSON.

WORK RESUMED

B. & O. Men at Washington on Fifty
Hour Schedule.

B. & O. shopmen at Washington are again busy. The employees who were affected by the shut down on February 18th and those machinists who were out on the strike last year who had not yet returned to work, resumed their duties at the shops Wednesday morning at 7 o'clock. The machine shop men will work on a fifty hour a week schedule. This will mean nine hours a day and five hours on Saturday. The shops have practically shut down for the last two weeks, only a few men whose services were absolutely necessary having been employed within that time. The B. & O. Southwestern shops at Chillicothe, which were also closed, opened Wednesday.

Against Fake Advs.

Senator Trautman, of Bartholomew county, has introduced a bill that will probably never get out of the committee, his bill being to prevent the publication of fraudulent statements in advertisements. The bill is doubtless a good one because too many fake companies expect to win money through extravagant claims made in advertising, but the session is so near a close that it is doubtful if Senator Trautman's bill ever gets anywhere.

Most reputable newspapers now days refuse advertisements that have the earmarks of claiming more than they can produce and in this way the fight against fake advertising has spread all over the country. There is already a law against getting money fraudulently and fraudulent advertisements could be reached under the existing statute.

In addition there is a federal law that looks after fake advertising pretty closely and a fraud order once issued puts a fake company out of business.

After Retirement.

There has been much speculation as to what Senator Beveridge will do after retirement from the Senate. A Washington Special says:

Senator Beveridge will return to Indianapolis next week. His plans for the future are not yet fully materialized, but in the next year or two he probably will make a trip through Canada and write a series of magazine articles or a book on his observations of conditions in that neighbor country. It is understood he will devote a good deal of time after his term as senator expires to literary pursuits.

Election Probable.

The victories won by the "dry's" of Bedford and Mitchell have stiffened the backbone of the temperance element at Columbus, who now believe that that city would go "dry" if an election were held. It is likely that a special election will be called by the "dry's", but the election can not be held before the saloons return, as the "dry" limit expires on March 30. Saloon licenses will be granted by the county commissioners at their April meeting, and there will be many applicants for licenses.

Notice to Public.

On account of wheat and corn dropping I will sell feed meal, cracked corn, at \$1.00 per cwt., and will make a big reduction in the price of hay as I have a large amount on hand. I will sell wheat screenings at \$1.00 per cwt., in hundred pound lots. My bread meal is all made from hand picked corn and is always fresh.

Russia's Curious
Germ Poisoning
Trial Is Ended



NE of the most remarkable poisoning cases in history in which the cunning of famous murderers is blended with medical discoveries of the present age has just been concluded in Russia. In consequence Count Patrick Casimir O'Brien De Lacy, a nobleman of Grodno, descended from an Irish family, is sentenced to Siberia for life.

Dr. Vladimir Panchenko, who presents a psychological problem to criminal jurisprudence, was given fifteen years, practically a life sentence, and Yekaterina Muravieva, an elderly woman who became acquainted with Panchenko while doing hospital work during the Japanese war, was set free.

De Lacy, who is forty-seven years of age, was charged with paying Panchenko to inject cholera germs into the system of his brother-in-law, Vassail Buturlin, in order to secure the latter's inheritance. Panchenko was accused of performing the deed and the Muravieva woman of abetting the doctor and destroying evidence of the poison for financial considerations. Panchenko, who is sixty-two, was also charged with falsely claiming to be a doctor of medicine.

Witnesses to the number of 270 were summoned to St. Petersburg, and among them were General Dmitry Buturlin, father of the murdered man, and his daughter, Countess De Lacy, who stood by her husband throughout the trouble and who will likely accompany him to Siberia. General Buturlin had made a will leaving his son 1,000,000 rubles and 400,000 to his daughter, and it was this money that De Lacy wanted.

According to one of the numerous stories told by Panchenko, De Lacy had offered him 10,000 rubles for infecting Buturlin with cholera, and 50,000 rubles for "removing" General Buturlin, and finally 500,000 rubles for "doing away with the old man's wife." The latter was divorced from

BERESFORD 65 AND GROUCHY

England's Popular Sailor Retired by Age Limit.

Lord Charles William Beresford has been retired because of having reached the age limit—sixty-five—in the British navy, and this action is regarded abroad as a matter of national importance because of his great popularity. The famous Irish sailor is now both gouty and grouchy.

The admiral has always been a fighter, not only at the capture of Alexandria, in the Sudan and other engagements on behalf of his sovereign, but in naval politics as well. His greatest



LORD CHARLES BERESFORD

fend was with Lord Fisher, and it is called his greatest mistake, as he was beaten by the man who later became admiral of the fleet and who carried his policies through despite all the hostility that was organized by Beresford.

Lord Decies, who married Vivien Gould, is of the Beresford blood, which may account for his fondness for sport. It is still recalled in Tipperary that the greatest steeplechase ever run in Ireland was between Lord Charles, Lord William and Lord Marcus Beresford over a country full of dangerous fences and jumps. Each was thrown twice, but remounted, and Lord William won by a short head from the future admiral.

It was in 1897 that Lord Charles excited the anger of Queen Victoria. During the jubilee naval review he was on the royal yacht as naval aid de-camp, and as he passed down the line he hoisted the signal "Can't be home for dinner" for the information of his wife, who was on another ship. This was in violation of a strict rule that no private signal shall be flown from a royal yacht while the sovereign is aboard. The queen inquired the meaning of the signaling, and then, furious, sent Beresford word that he might go home to dinner at once.

The most recent quarrel of Lord Charles was with Admiral Percy Scott, in which King Edward was obliged to intervene to prevent the quarrel being taken up by the admiralty, as Beresford desired. This affair arose from the last visit of the kaiser to England. The admiralty ordered Lord Charles, then commander of the channel squadron, to prepare the vessels for review, though they were at sea practicing gunnery. Scott was ordered to return to port and paint his ships, whereupon he, being a Fisher partisan, posted on his vessels notice to the effect that "we return to port because painting ship is more important than shooting accurately." Lord Charles denounced Scott as insolent and insubordinate in an order to the entire fleet, but the king stopped further hostilities.

"TURKEY TROT" WINS EAST.

Famous San Francisco Dance Not Tabooed in New York.

The "Turkey Trot," favorite but prohibited dance of the "Barbary Coast" dance halls of San Francisco, has branched out and invaded the east, ap-



FOUR VIEWS OF SAN FRANCISCO'S FAMOUS "TURKEY TROT" DANCE.

pearing in a new musical piece in New York. True, it is called "Toddling the Todolo" on Broadway, but it is the "Turkey Trot" just the same.

Mme. Pavlova, the Russian dancer, called general attention to the "trot" on a recent visit to San Francisco. She had heard of it and was taken to a dance hall to see it. She became so enchanted that she tried it at once and spread reports of its grace.

As a matter of terpsichorean fact the "Turkey Trot" is something of a cakewalk with lively music in two-step time, so the "trotter" must extend herself or himself to the limit. With the addition of the spot light the dance becomes a thing of beauty.

DR. VLADIMIR PANCHOENKO.

the general had remarried, but intended leaving her fortune to her two children.

It was the prospect of this wealth and the fact that the doctor had received a few thousand rubles that caused the discovery of the plot and the Siberian sentences. Paul Petrovsky, a roomer at the house in which Panchenko, Mme. Muravieva and her family resided, was the one who told the police, and his evidence and suspicions proved sufficient.

Young Buturlin died May 24, 1910, at his rooms in St. Petersburg, and the first step toward investigation was taken by his father and wife, who claimed that the blood poisoning which was assigned as the cause of death must have followed the recklessness of Dr. Panchenko, who had given the victim a number of hypodermic injections that month. Buturlin was well and strong, but is said to have had a mania for medical treatment. Panchenko went to see him to learn the effect of some anti-cholera injections he had heard Buturlin had made and called Buturlin's attention to his treatment of injecting spermin for the prolongation of life. Buturlin became so interested that he advised his father to follow the treatment, as he was doing.

De Lacy, Buturlin and Panchenko were in one another's company a great deal in St. Petersburg, and it did not take long for the plot to develop. The doctor secured some cholera germs from plague ridden dogs at a nearby government fortress and utilized them in his injection fluid for young Buturlin.

Panchenko was naturally the central figure of the trial. Even the rumor that Yekaterina Muravieva's hold on him was caused by hypnotism did not cause the public to follow the woman rather than the doctor.

The court where this case was tried is the same where the historical cases of Vera Zasulich and of the former director of the police department, Lopukhin, were tried. The courtroom was crowded as never before. People bearing cards even from the minister of justice were turned away.

WINTER POULTRY ILLS.

Methods of Treatment Recommended For Catarrh and Liver Congestion.

One of the commonest of the winter diseases of poultry is catarrh. Cold, some people call it; others speak of it as roup. It is not this last, although so close is the resemblance at times that one could easily be misled. Any way, catarrh is serious enough. It is catching also. Among birds roosting with heads pressed closely together the sick ones are sure to give it to healthy fowls. It seems to follow along the line of pure breeds. This may be due to the fact that the penned breeding stock from which eggs and breeders have been bought has been housed too warmly and pampered and that somehow a predisposition to take on catarrh follows down through the generations.

You will first notice it by a peculiar shake of the head, next a running at the nostrils and sometimes gurgling in the throat. If you cannot master this phase of the disease in young fowls in a few days, better kill them. The sniffling nosed should be separated from the well, housed by themselves, fed heavily on rich foods, with arsenite of antimony or quinine in drinking water and mash. The head should occasionally be dipped in kerosene—half water, half kerosene. Two applications have been known to stop the nostril discharge. Get arsenite tablets one one-thousandth of a grain in strength and place twelve of these in one pint of water. If you give quinine give two grains to the fowl per day. This disease is decidedly dangerous among the young fowls, so many die with inflammation of the lungs, which seems to follow the catarrh.

The above disease is likely to take hold of the young in the cool days of fall, extending to the older fowls in winter. There is one winter disease of fowls a year old or over that is seldom known among the young—liver congestion. It is probably due to a rich ration, like corn and lack of sufficient grit. If one feeds sufficient bran with corn, as bran is a laxative, the danger may be averted, though the grit is missing.

Quite often one will not guess this trouble until the older, fatter hens begin dying. The remedy is varied food, grit and exercise.—Farm and Fireside.

MINERS, NOT FARMERS.

A society for prevention of cruelty to the soil should be formed to prevent farmers who do not read the agricultural papers from mining the potash and phosphoric acid and selling them without proper return to the land of their equivalent.

Twofold Value of Shade Trees.

The landowner who plants no shade trees deprives himself of two sources of lifelong enjoyment. First, he misses the beauty which the growing tree imparts of his surroundings and the comfort its shade may afford the dwellers in his farmstead, both human and four footed; second, he loses the exaltation of feeling that ever comes from the exercise of the altruism which plans for coming generations regardless of oneself.—Kansas Farmer.

Grafting Wax.

A good recipe for grafting wax is to take four pounds rosin, two pounds beeswax and one pound tallow. Set them on the stove in a pan or something of that character to aid in dissolving, and when they have reached the liquid state pour into a pail of cold water. This will make a thick mass like molasses candy, and it can be pulled and made into rolls as desired.—New England Homestead.

Working Soils When Wet.

Soils should not be worked when they are wet. This is especially true of those which do not have much organic matter. Clay soil makes a good brick because it is free from organic matter. Working some soils when they are too wet and allowing them to bake in the sun really makes brick of the parts turned up, and those parts will be about as productive as bricks itself.

Live Stock Notes.

When you use a grade or scrub sire you are breeding for the worst there is in him. There is no quicker way to run down a herd of domestic animals than to use a low grade herd header.

Azoturia comes from overfeeding idle horses. Save feed and horses, too, by reducing the ration when they are not working.

If your sheep get scabs better clean them all out and begin over. It is the best way to cure disease.

Speltz makes very good hog feed when ground, and some folks soak it for feeding. It has nearly the same feeding value as wheat.

Growing colts should always have a smooth, roomy lot in which to exercise and should be given the run of this inclosure summer and winter.

Alfalfa pasture and skimmills make an excellent combination for growing pigs. A pound of corn per day for a hog weighing 100 pounds will be sufficient to make a rapid and profitable growth.

It is a serious mistake to buy a ram just because he is well bred and good looking. He must have individual merit.

The man who compels his horse to pull the plow day after day with an ill fitting collar should be compelled to pitch bundles to a thrashing machine with a fork and a bur oak sapling for a handle until he gets his brain into working order.

ARCHBISHOP IRELAND

Noted Churchman Advocates an Increase of Armaments.



Archbishop Ireland has startled the prelates of the Catholic church by reason of his recent Peoria (Ill.) speech in which he advocated more armament for nations desiring peace.

THE PRESIDENT NOT GOING TO GIVE IT UP

Magazine Publishers Hear From the White House.

Washington, March 2.—That his fight for an increased rate on second-class postage was on to a finish and that they might as well prepare to face the issue again in the next congress if it is defeated in this one, President Taft has told the magazine men bluntly. He suggested that the methods used by some of the magazines in combating the legislation is the kind usually resorted to in defense of a cause for which there is no defense.

This declaration to a delegation of magazine publishers who called at the White House came only a short time after the president had word that it would be impossible to pass his second-class postage amendment in this session. He has refused to yield on the question, but the senate leaders concede that it will be dropped from the postoffice appropriation bill soon after it is taken up.

The president said to the magazine men: "I am going ahead with it as long as I am in office to bring about a proper adjustment of this matter. It may be defeated this time, but I am going on as long as I have any power, and you gentlemen had better make up your minds that it is in your interest as well as in the interest of the government to have this matter settled. You may be able to defeat the present proposal. These things are frequently capable of defeat for a time. But as long as I have any power I am going to recommend the consideration of this question until it is settled."

STRIKE CONDEMNED

Chicago Printers Acted Without Warning, Says Their President.

Washington, March 2.—President James M. Lynch of the International Typographical union, in an interview here, declared that the strike of the printers on Chicago papers was unwise, illegal and, irrespective of the outcome, could not be but disastrous to the cause of union labor. He added that when the members of the International Typographical union understood the facts they would be unanimous in condemnation of the demonstration. The International Typographical union, he said, will stand for the protection and fulfillment of its contract.

TERSE TELEGRAMS

Four men dynamited the safe of the Citizens' bank at Walnut, Ill., and secured \$3,700.

M. Monis, the new French premier, is having a hard time attempting to form a cabinet.

The Anaconda Copper Mining company's official report of copper production in February shows 20,900,000 pounds.

It is officially stated that the men who robbed the Panama Banking company by tunneling for half a block secured \$16,700.

John M. Carrere, one of the most distinguished of American architects, died at New York as a result of being thrown from a taxicab in a collision with a streetcar.

In a sixteen-page pamphlet received at New Orleans from Brussels, Jose Santos Zelaya, exiled former president of Nicaragua, indulges in bitter denunciation of President Taft.

Half the concrete work on the canal locks at Gatun is completed. Ahead of all calculations, the upper of the three pairs of locks is finished and awaits installation of the gate machinery.

W. H. Clarke, auditor of the Philippine commission, has resigned as a result of friction between him and Governor General Cameron Forbes and the members of the Philippine commission.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Char. H. Fletcher*. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paraffin, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulence. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Char. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

DISTINCTIVE MANNISH TAILOR SUITS.

Furnished by Pictorial Review

222 West 39th St., New York City.



Among the new materials for tailored suits are some very attractive rough surfaced fabrics. These are suitable for the more severe manly models for winter. There has been quite a variety of styles with fine colored French serge and vicuna for Fall with broadcloth wool-back satin and moire for the more dressy designs. Velvet has become quite prominent this season for suits and dresses and velveteen in various forms is extremely supple, soft and dressy. These are trimmed with black silk braid on colored as well as black velvet, and fur is a fashionable trimming. Of the rough cloths, mohair, hair, and man-mohair mixtures and cheviots are to the fore, and ratine is a new rough fabric that promises to be extremely fashionable; it is all wool and has a roughened knotty surface. It is suitable for long coats as well as for suits.

The narrow skirt is still the most fashionable. The gored skirt is modified to suit the individual. The gored skirt and the close fitting circular skirt are also coming in for their share of favor. The walking skirts are made about ankle length, though some women are ordering theirs a little longer.

Cloaks are short about hip length, and they have a charming洒落ness of style that is, they look quaint on the French girls. Perhaps it is their slim short-waisted effect is a very vital factor, appearing in coats as well as in gowns. The coats are very slightly fitted and hang almost straight from the shoulders. This, with their short-waisted length, adds to the appearance of being short-waisted.

The two and three-inch patent-leather belts worn with so many coats also shorten the waist. Black is the favorite and it may accompany any colored coat, although patent-leather belts are made in all the fashionable colors and they are wonderfully soft and pliant.

The colors tend to sombre shades and black is a leader. Blue in navy, royal or purplish



tone; dark seal brown, dark tobacco brown, grays blended with white and black are all fashionable. The picture materials show a shiftless banding of green and brown, blue and green, brown and black or other combinations in subdued colors that are very smart.

Black and white English mixture is the material used in making the Norfolk jacket PICTORIAL REVIEW PATTERN No. 3639-3623. It is the neatest and most popular type of the Norfolk jacket style, which is always one of the popular forms of a coat suited to rough finished materials, velveteen and corduroy. The shawl collar is faced with black velvet and the black patent-leather belt passing under the box plait is fastened with a large buckle. The seven-gored skirt is laid in side plait that are stitched down over the hips and pinned near the lower edge. The jacket patterns are in sizes 32, 34, 36, 38 and 40 inches bust measure and the medium size requires 3½ yards, 44 inches wide

**Black Silk Stove Polish**

It makes old stoves look like new and lasts four times as long as any other shine. Don't imagine all brands of stove polish are alike. Black Silk is different. It's so much better than other stove polishes that there is absolutely no comparison. It's in a class all by itself.

It makes a brilliant, glossy shine that anneals to the iron—don't rub or dust off. Give it a trial. Try it on your parlor stove—your cook stove or your gas range. If you do not find it the best stove polish you ever used, your dealer is authorized to refund your money.

Here is what some of the ladies write us:
"I like Black Silk Stove Polish better than any I have ever used. People say, 'where did you get your new stove,' and I tell them it's Black Silk Stove Polish that makes it look like new."

"I will not use any other kind when I can get Black Silk Stove Polish. It makes stoves look nice and stay nice longer than any other polish."

"Black Silk Stove Polish is by far the best I ever used. I have tried many different kinds but find none as good."

"I like Black Silk Stove Polish better than any I ever used. Several parties in this neighborhood are anxious to get some of your polish since they saw my stove after using it."

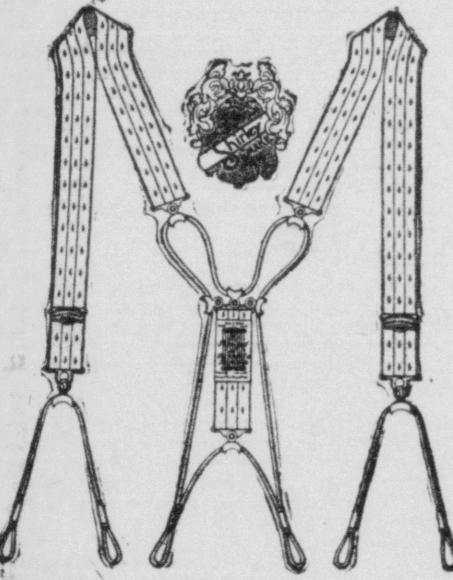
Ask your hardware and stove dealer for Black Silk Stove Polish and refuse a counterfeit brand. Costs you no more than the ordinary kind so why not have the best?

MADE IN LIQUID OR PASTE ONE QUALITY

Black Silk Stove Polish Works

STERLING, ILLINOIS

Ask your hardware dealer also for Black Silk Air Drying Enamel for use on grates, feeders, registers, stove pipes, etc. Prevents rusting.

SHIRLEY PRESIDENT SUSPENDERS

The kind that most men wear. Notice the cord back and the front ends. They slide in frictionless tubes and move as you move. You will quickly see why Shirley President Suspenders are comfortable and economical for the working man or business man.

Light, Medium or Extra Heavy Weights—Extra Lengths for Tall Men.

Price 50¢ from your local dealer or by mail from the factory.

Signed Guarantee on every pair

THE C. A. EDGARTON MFG. CO.
333 MAIN STREET, SHIRLEY, MASS.

HAVE YOU TRIED PAXTINE

The Great Toilet Germicide?

You don't have to pay 50¢ or \$1.00 a pint for Isterian antiseptics or perfume. You can make 16 pints of a more cleansing, germicidal, healing and deodorizing antiseptic solution with one 25c box of Paxtine,—a soluble antiseptic powder, obtainable at any drug store.

Paxtine destroys germs that cause disease, decay and odors,—that is why it is the best mouth wash and gargle, and why it purifies the breath, cleanses and preserves the teeth better than ordinary dentifrices, and in sponge bathing it completely eradicates perspiration and other disagreeable body odors. Every dainty woman appreciates this and its many other toilet and hygienic uses.

Paxtine is splendid for sore throat, inflamed eyes and to purify mouth and breath after smoking. You can get Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic at any drug store, price 25¢ and 50¢, or by mail postpaid from The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass., who will send you a free sample if you would like to try it before buying.

SEEDS CORN AND OATS

JOHNSON COUNTY YELLOW OR WHITE DENT SEED CORN

This corn needs no introduction, as it is known throughout the United States, winning the Grand Prizes at Chicago and Omaha Corn Expositions and taking first prizes wherever shown. This corn is a heavy yielder. Price per bushel, shelled only (sacks free) \$2.00.

WESTERN IOWA WHITE SEED OATS.

These are Choice Extra Heavy, Bright and well milled Seed Oats, weighing 38 to 40 lbs., to measured bushels or more we pay the freight to your station.

We handle all kinds of Field Seeds and Feeds.

J. G. HERMANN & CO.

326 S. Capitol Ave. Indianapolis, Ind.

54cts.

If you order either or both Corn and Oats in 10 bu. bushels or more we pay the freight to your station.

We handle all kinds of Field Seeds and Feeds.

J. G. HERMANN & CO.

326 S. Capitol Ave. Indianapolis, Ind.

54cts.

If you order either or both Corn and Oats in 10 bu. bushels or more we pay the freight to your station.

We handle all kinds of Field Seeds and Feeds.

J. G. HERMANN & CO.

326 S. Capitol Ave. Indianapolis, Ind.

54cts.

If you order either or both Corn and Oats in 10 bu. bushels or more we pay the freight to your station.

We handle all kinds of Field Seeds and Feeds.

J. G. HERMANN & CO.

326 S. Capitol Ave. Indianapolis, Ind.

54cts.

If you order either or both Corn and Oats in 10 bu. bushels or more we pay the freight to your station.

We handle all kinds of Field Seeds and Feeds.

J. G. HERMANN & CO.

326 S. Capitol Ave. Indianapolis, Ind.

54cts.

If you order either or both Corn and Oats in 10 bu. bushels or more we pay the freight to your station.

We handle all kinds of Field Seeds and Feeds.

J. G. HERMANN & CO.

326 S. Capitol Ave. Indianapolis, Ind.

54cts.

If you order either or both Corn and Oats in 10 bu. bushels or more we pay the freight to your station.

We handle all kinds of Field Seeds and Feeds.

J. G. HERMANN & CO.

326 S. Capitol Ave. Indianapolis, Ind.

54cts.

If you order either or both Corn and Oats in 10 bu. bushels or more we pay the freight to your station.

We handle all kinds of Field Seeds and Feeds.

J. G. HERMANN & CO.

326 S. Capitol Ave. Indianapolis, Ind.

54cts.

If you order either or both Corn and Oats in 10 bu. bushels or more we pay the freight to your station.

We handle all kinds of Field Seeds and Feeds.

J. G. HERMANN & CO.

326 S. Capitol Ave. Indianapolis, Ind.

54cts.

If you order either or both Corn and Oats in 10 bu. bushels or more we pay the freight to your station.

We handle all kinds of Field Seeds and Feeds.

J. G. HERMANN & CO.

326 S. Capitol Ave. Indianapolis, Ind.

54cts.

If you order either or both Corn and Oats in 10 bu. bushels or more we pay the freight to your station.

We handle all kinds of Field Seeds and Feeds.

J. G. HERMANN & CO.

326 S. Capitol Ave. Indianapolis, Ind.

54cts.

If you order either or both Corn and Oats in 10 bu. bushels or more we pay the freight to your station.

We handle all kinds of Field Seeds and Feeds.

J. G. HERMANN & CO.

326 S. Capitol Ave. Indianapolis, Ind.

54cts.

If you order either or both Corn and Oats in 10 bu. bushels or more we pay the freight to your station.

We handle all kinds of Field Seeds and Feeds.

J. G. HERMANN & CO.

326 S. Capitol Ave. Indianapolis, Ind.

54cts.

If you order either or both Corn and Oats in 10 bu. bushels or more we pay the freight to your station.

We handle all kinds of Field Seeds and Feeds.

J. G. HERMANN & CO.

326 S. Capitol Ave. Indianapolis, Ind.

54cts.

If you order either or both Corn and Oats in 10 bu. bushels or more we pay the freight to your station.

We handle all kinds of Field Seeds and Feeds.

J. G. HERMANN & CO.

326 S. Capitol Ave. Indianapolis, Ind.

54cts.

If you order either or both Corn and Oats in 10 bu. bushels or more we pay the freight to your station.

We handle all kinds of Field Seeds and Feeds.

J. G. HERMANN & CO.

326 S. Capitol Ave. Indianapolis, Ind.

54cts.

If you order either or both Corn and Oats in 10 bu. bushels or more we pay the freight to your station.

We handle all kinds of Field Seeds and Feeds.

J. G. HERMANN & CO.

326 S. Capitol Ave. Indianapolis, Ind.

54cts.

If you order either or both Corn and Oats in 10 bu. bushels or more we pay the freight to your station.

We handle all kinds of Field Seeds and Feeds.

J. G. HERMANN & CO.

326 S. Capitol Ave. Indianapolis, Ind.

54cts.

If you order either or both Corn and Oats in 10 bu. bushels or more we pay the freight to your station.

We handle all kinds of Field Seeds and Feeds.

J. G. HERMANN & CO.

326 S. Capitol Ave. Indianapolis, Ind.

54cts.

If you order either or both Corn and Oats in 10 bu. bushels or more we pay the freight to your station.

We handle all kinds of Field Seeds and Feeds.

J. G. HERMANN & CO.

326 S. Capitol Ave. Indianapolis, Ind.

54cts.

If you order either or both Corn and Oats in 10 bu. bushels or more we pay the freight to your station.

We handle all kinds of Field Seeds and Feeds.

J. G. HERMANN & CO.

326 S. Capitol Ave. Indianapolis, Ind.

54cts.

If you order either or both Corn and Oats in 10 bu. bushels or more we pay the freight to your station.

We handle all kinds of Field Seeds and Feeds.

J. G. HERMANN & CO.

326 S. Capitol Ave. Indianapolis, Ind.

54cts.

If you order either or both Corn and Oats in 10 bu. bushels or more we pay the freight to your station.

We handle all kinds of Field Seeds and Feeds.

J. G. HERMANN & CO.

326 S. Capitol Ave. Indianapolis, Ind.

54cts.

If you order either or both Corn and Oats in 10 bu. bushels or more we pay the freight to your station.

We handle all kinds of Field Seeds and Feeds.

J. G. HERMANN & CO.

326 S. Capitol Ave. Indianapolis, Ind.

54cts.

If you order either or both Corn and Oats in 10 bu. bushels or more we pay the freight to your station.

We handle all kinds of Field Seeds and Feeds.

J. G. HER

Richart's Remodeling Sale

We are compelled to have more room before we take over the room which has been occupied by the Richart Shoe Store. In order to clean up our entire stock, we offer values less than manufacturer's prices on
**SUITS, OVERCOATS,
ODD'PANTS, WOOL SHIRTS
AND HATS.**

We will not give prices in this paper, but will give you prices on the goods at our store.

RICHART

THE REPUBLICAN

JAY C. SMITH HARRY J. MARTIN
Editors and Publishers.

Entered at the Seymour, Indiana, Post-office as Second-class Matter.

DAILY

One Year	\$5.00
Six Months	2.50
Three Months	1.25
One Month	.45
One Week	.10

WEEKLY

One Year in Advance	\$1.00
---------------------	--------

THURSDAY, MARCH 2, 1911.

Just why a man graduated from Purdue University, a technical school, should be better qualified to serve as a county superintendent than a graduate of the liberal arts department of one of the colleges or universities not maintained by the state, is a question which is not answered by the advocates of the bill which proposes that county superintendents shall be graduates of one of the state schools such as Wabash, Notre Dame, Moores Hill, Earlham, DePauw, Hanover and several others are maintained without a cent of cost to the state. Should these institutions be forced to close, and the students which now attend them enter the state schools, the legislature would be called upon for appropriations many times as large as those now made. Without additional buildings and equipment it would be impossible for the State of Indiana to provide educational facilities for the large number of students who attend the various schools. It is economy for the state to have such schools as have been endowed by the various churches and they should be encouraged rather than handicapped.

The measure which was recently introduced by Representative Braman would be a great advantage to the state schools. Nearly every year inducements are given by the legislature to encourage students to enter the state schools. With the treasury of the state to provide them funds it seems that these institutions should be strong enough to receive their share of the students of the state and such special inducements should be unnecessary.

Marriage Licenses.

Harry Schwab, of Indianapolis, to Bertha A. Goss of Medora.

Charles H. Darlige to Minnie Moenning, both of Brownstown township.

Elijah F. Brock, of Lawrence county, to Nora Gibson, of Carr township.

Charles H. Hackman to Mary S. L. Stahl, both of Grassy Fork township.

Grover Elkins of Bartholomew county, to Mary Chasteen, of Hamilton township.

Frank Borders to Frances M. Wray, both of Owen township.

Save

50 cents to \$1.00 on a room of wall paper at Lumpkin's. fl16dtf

Nathan Spiers has returned from Alpina, Mich., where the Gold Mine Department store has a branch store.

SMOTHERING MANY BILLS

Senate Concentrates On Essential Measures.

NO TIME FOR HOST OF OTHERS

The House Is Now Jammed With Senate Measures Which Stand Little Chance of Salvation, and No Others Will Be Sent Across the Corridor—Legislature Now Closing Up Many Gaps.

Indianapolis, March 2.—Silently slipping into unmarked graves are two hundred and sixty-three senate bills. No more senate bills will be passed by the senate during this session of the legislature, for it would be of no avail. The senate leaders came to this conclusion a day or two ago and quietly shut off all further action on the senate bills, forcing the upper body to devote all of its time to house bills and platform measures.

Three days is the minimum time for a bill to get effective action when sent from the senate to the house, which is now jammed with senate measures already passed, and with its own bills. The failure of so many bills this session is making a taking point for those who favor the provision of the new proposed constitution for a session of 100 days. There are many bills of no small magnitude among those which were born in the senate and which will die by the wayside.

Free Employment Bureaus.

The house passed by a vote of 60 to 32 the bill providing for the abolition of the present department of inspection and the state labor commission and for the establishment of a commission combining the work of the two. This was a platform measure and was made a caucus agreement. The bill providing for the establishment of free employment bureaus in second class cities was also passed. This bill provides that the superintendents of these bureaus shall be appointed by the chief of the bureau of statistics and that they shall receive a salary of \$1,200 a year each.

The Beal-Shively employers' liability bill, the Democratic platform measure, passed the house, 63 to 18, without amendment. Consideration of the senate bill to require that persons fishing outside their home counties should be required to have a license, provoked extended debate from both sides, and the measure was finally killed. Among the other bills passed were the employers' liability bill, the uniform accounting amending bill, and the bill to regulate the minimum wages of teachers.

Saved the Accounting Law.

The house voted by a vote of 62 to 32 to save the uniform accounting law in its present form with the exception of such amendments as in the opinion of the governor and the chief examiners ought to be made to it. The amendments in the measure, as it passed both the house and senate, provide for less publicity concerning reports on shortages found, places the prosecution of claims under the shortages reported in the hands of the prosecuting attorneys, the governor and attorney general reserving the right to assume control at any time; reduces the pay of the field examiners from \$10 a day to \$8, gives the chief examiners and the state board of accounts power to effect settlements, and provides that an accused official shall be given a hearing before publicity is given any report, and an additional thirty days in which to make a settlement.

A house amendment to the voters' registration bill removed the objectionable restrictions imposed on registration as the bill left the senate, and left the way clear for a voter to have equal opportunity to register at any of the proposed three meeting times of the board of registration—either in the May, the September or the October sitting. The bill is framed to protect the legal electorate against the "floater" or the imported voter by providing for a registration six months before an election in order to establish residence in the county, and one thirty days before the election, in order to establish residence in the precinct.

Senator Durre of Evansville succeeded in tacking on to Senator Greenwell's bill for raising the salary of the county auditor of Allen county to \$10,000 a year an amendment to raise the salaries of the auditors of Vanderburgh, Vigo and St. Joseph counties to \$10,000. The amendment was attached over a vigorous protest from Senator Carleton of Vanderburgh county,

Indiana's Centennial.

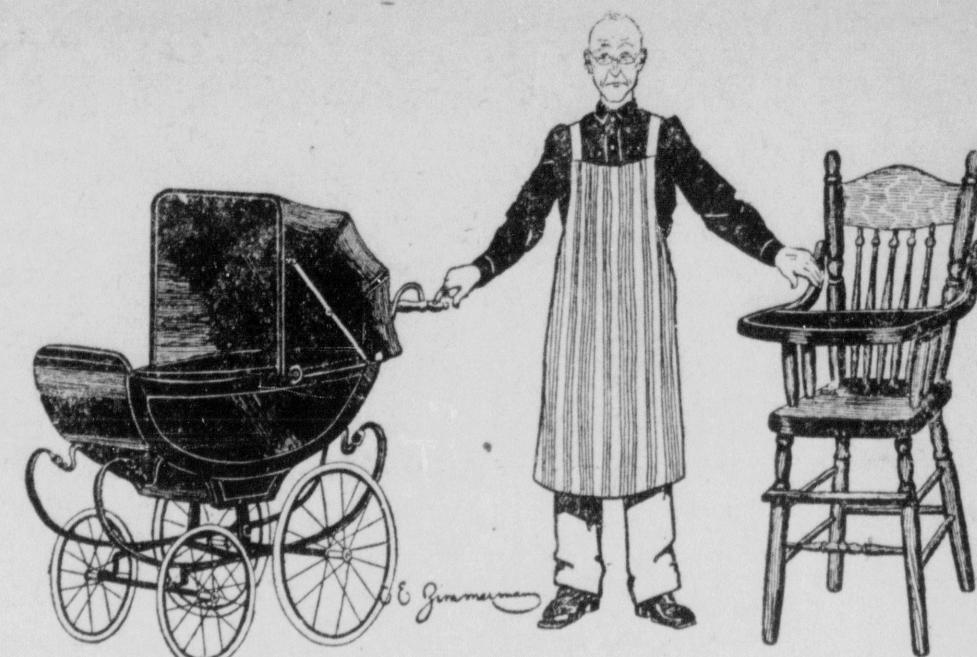
Indianapolis, March 2.—Governor Marshall has signed the bill creating a centennial commission to erect an educational building in celebration of Indiana's admission to the Union, and has named former Vice President Fairbanks and former Speaker of the House Charles L. Jewett as members of the commission.

Fountain County's Option Election.

Attica, Ind., March 2.—Attica voted "wet" Wednesday by a majority of 20. Veedersburg went "dry" by 22 votes, while Covington, the county seat, voted "wet" by 40.



Copyright 1909, by C. E. Zimmerman Co. No. 24



The Old Cabinet Maker Says:

"That if we have babies in our homes, to make them comfortable and healthy, by providing them with the new and useful improvements in high chairs, go-carts and baby carriages.

We are splendidly stocked with beautiful goods in these lines and in order that you may have the opportunity to fill baby's needs properly they are priced at a very low margin of profit.

F.J. VOSS

THE COUNTRY STORE

Buy in Quantities and Can Sell for Less

STAPLED DRUGS.

One-eighth oz. bottle P. & W. Quinine for 8c
Mai Lin Salve 8c
Sulphur, per pound 5c
One quart bottle of Amonia for 10c
Venetian Red, dry, per pound 2½c

HARDWARE.

\$1.00 Roller Skates, pair 75c
Capemill Horse Nails, any size, per lb. 16c
\$1.50 Suit Case for 125c
\$1.50 Hand Saw, good general purpose tool for 65c
2 only, Laundry Coal Stoves, to close out, each 225c
A nice size Roasting Pan for 25c
A heavy Copper Bottom Wash Boiler 98c

GROCERY SPECIALS.

Sugar, any kind, per pound 5c
New crop Red Kidney Beans, per pound 7½c
Bacon, Canned Tomato, 3 cans for 25c
Best quality Sweet Corn, 2 for 15c
Best quality Lye Hominy, per can 4c
50c pound Uncle Sam Chewing Tobacco for 39c
Pure Lard, per pound 12½c
Large Can Milk 8c
Small size Can Milk 4c
Full Cream Cheese, two pounds for 35c
60c Tea, one-half pound for 25c
Fresh Eggs, per dozen 16c
4-pound Bag Table Salt, 3 for 10c

MISCELLANEOUS.

15c White or Oak Curtain Poles, 2 for 15c
20 Per Cent. Discount on all Rubbers, except Boots \$1.00
Men's 50c Work Shirts, 3 for 11c
Children's 15c Hose, now per pair 11c
\$1.50 Corduroy Pants, per pair 119c
Jap Waste Baskets, any size 25c
4 Postal Cards and Postal Card Album for 5c

RAY R. KEACH

East Second Street, First Door West of Interurban Station Seymour, Ind.

SHOES

Getting Married Is No Joke

When you have to scrape the bottom of your purse every month, with a fine tooth comb to buy shoes for the little ones.

Rice & Hutchins' School Shoes are made especially tough for the purpose of helping you keep money in bank against a rainy day.

When you buy Rice & Hutchins' Shoes, you get all the advantages of a perfect organization, unlimited capital, and an immense volume of business.

SLUMP IN PRICES

More Goods Placed on Bargain Counter

Flannelets and Outing Flannels, 10 cent goods at 7½c
One lot of Dress Goods at less than cost, prices from 15c to 35c
1 lot Misses and Childrens' Suits Union Suits, 25c kind, 15c
Ladies' 25c Underwear 19c
Men's 50c Underwear 39c
1 lot Dress Gingham, former price 10c per yard, now 6½c
1 lot of Corduroy pants less than cost 25c
1 lot Men's 50 cent Dress Shirts 39c

Just Received

A Lot of New Embroideries, Laces and White Goods. Come in and see them.

FULL LINE OF DRY GOODS.

Complete Stock in our Grocery Dept.

W. H. REYNOLDS

21 AND 23 SOUTH CHESTNUT STREET

Advertise in The REPUBLICAN. It PAYS

ROSS

SUDIE MILLS MATLOCK
Piano Teacher,
Res. Studio: 521 N. Chestnut St.
SEYMORE, INDIANA.

JACOB SPEAR JOHN HAGEL
Carpenters-Contractors
BUILDING and REPAIRING
New work—hard wood floors a specialty
SPEAR & HAGEL
630 N. Chestnut St., Seymour, Ind.

GEORGE F. KAMMAN
Licensed
Optician
EYES TESTED FREE
With T. M. JACKSON, 104
West Second Street

SEYMORE TAILORS
Ladies' Suits, Cloaks and Skirts
Alteration Free. Pressing and Dry Cleaning a Specialty. F. SCIARRA, Prop.
3rd and Chestnut Sts., Seymour

JOSEPH HIRTZELL, SR.
House Painting and Interior
Finishing, Graining a Specialty
Phone 502 Seymour Ind.

ECLIPSE SHIRTS

Are made better, laundered better and cut larger than any other make—that is the reason we are giving them such prominence in our store.

Large spring line just received
White and colored.
Good time to buy.

THE HUB

Wall Paper

—AT—
T. R. CARTER'S

Why Don't You Drink More

One pound of tea will make 200 cups while one pound of coffee will only make 40 cups.
I have just received a fresh case of GUNPOWDER TEA.

TEA?

To encourage an increased use of tea will for a limited time sell $\frac{1}{2}$ LB. FOR 15CENTS Only $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. to a customer. Come quickly for this bargain will not last long.

MAYES' CASH GROCERY

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

FOR SALE—Team of work horses new wagon and new harness. Inquire here. m2d

FOR SALE—Phonograph, good as new. Inquire here. m4d

FOR RENT.—Four room house, in good repair, also large garden space. Inquire at 111 W. Laurel street. f28dtf

FOR RENT OR SALE—House of five rooms, well and cistern, with two lots. Inquire of Mrs. Andrew Welsh. m3d

FOR RENT—House four rooms on High street. Inquire Mrs. Ewing, 217 High street. m3d

FOR RENT.—House, eight rooms, half or all. 113 E. Sixth street. J. L. Blair, 301 W. Second street. f17dtf

RUGS—Made from old carpets. Anna E. Carter, agent. Phone 564. mleod-tf

Weather Indications.
Fair tonight and Friday.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Castor Fletcher*.

FOR SALE—Good wagon, farm or delivery purposes. Also Singer Sewing Machine Agency, Jackson County, 10 East Second street. m8d&w

FOR SALE—Modern house 410 N. Walnut street. Price right, terms right, title clear, possession to suit. m2d

FRANK S. JONES.

FOR SALE.—Any person desiring to buy lots in the Mars Hill factory addition, Indianapolis, can secure information from Congdon & Co., agents. m8d&w

FOR SALE—Good wagon, farm or delivery purposes. Also Singer Sewing Machine Agency, Jackson County, 10 East Second street. m8d

Keep your time piece right during 1911. Our specialty is caring for watches. If they do not run correctly bring them here. J. G. LAUPUS, The Jeweler. Examiner of watches for B. & O. R. R.

PERSONAL.

J. E. Preston was in Medora today. Lon Prewitt was in Columbus today. N. Kaufman was in Brownstown today. C. S. Mercer was in Indianapolis today. Charles Abel was in Indianapolis today. Fred Everback was in Columbus last night. Miss Nellie Phelan went to Louisville today. Miss Ruth Fenton has gone to Louisville for a visit.

J. A. Cox of Crothersville, went to Brownstown today.

Theodore Droege went to Indianapolis this morning.

Mrs. E. S. Jordan went to Indianapolis this morning.

Miss Amanda Baird went to Scottsburg this afternoon.

George Winkenhofer went to Ft. Ritner this morning.

Elgin Marsh, of Mitchell, was in the city this morning.

William W. Kessler, of route No. 6, was here today on business.

August Brand of Dudleytown, was here Wednesday on business.

John Hinderliter of Vallonia, was here this morning on business.

Mrs. Edward Carson is at home from a visit in North Vernon.

Harry Thias of route No. 3, was in Seymour Wednesday afternoon.

John Middendorf, of Hamilton township was in Seymour today.

H. A. Taulman, of east of the city, was here Wednesday on business.

Alfred Vosbrink, of Cortland, was in the city Wednesday on business.

Mary Jones, of Indianapolis, is visiting relatives here for several days.

Dr. D. H. Richards, of Cortland, was here this afternoon on business.

Mrs. Kate White, from near Cortland, was in the city Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Stratton are in Indianapolis today for the automobile show.

Otto Julian and wife from near Crothersville, are visiting in Hamilton county.

H. W. Wacker, county auditor, was here this morning on his way to Indianapolis.

W. E. Day, of the Thomas C. Day Company, of Indianapolis, was here Wednesday.

County Superintendent J. E. Payne, of Brownstown, was here today for a short time.

Mrs. A. D. Shields and son and Miss Myrtle Bennett went to Indianapolis this morning.

Mrs. M. E. Pope, of Columbus, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Eleanor Newsom today.

Mrs. T. C. Medcalfe of Washington has returned home after a visit with Mrs. R. C. Miller.

Misses Hazel and Nora Pomeroy, Jewell Cox and Mary Temeyer are visiting at Mitchell.

Mrs. Robert Hall and children are visiting her mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Cooley at Brownstown.

A. J. Brodhecker, editor of the Brownstown Banner, went to Indianapolis this morning to attend the legislature.

Mrs. Anis Henderson and her daughter, Mrs. L. B. Shively of Terre Haute, who has been visiting here, went to Medora this morning.

Seymour Temperatures.

The following are the maximum and minimum temperatures as shown by the government thermometers at the Seymour volunteer weather observation station and reported by J. Robt. Blair, observer. The figures are for twenty-four hours ending at noon:

Max. Min.
March 2, 1911 51 27

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the post office at Seymour, Indiana and if not called for within 14 days will be sent to dead letter office.

Ladies

Hill, Mrs. Edith (4).

Hill, Mrs. Eva (4).

Hill, Mrs. Zora.

Little, Mrs. Mattie.

Lockhart, Mrs. Lulu.

Men

Ateall, Mr.

Blaine, Cutie.

Ferguson, Mrs. Jim.

Hammon, Mrs. Oscar.

Feb. 27, 1911.

EDWARD A. REMY, P. M.

The police have taken several dogs today, which were found upon the streets without the required tags. The dogs will be kept in a pound erected on the lot adjoining the city building, until the owners call for them. After a reasonable length of time they will be shot if not claimed by the owners.

Salmon Skin Clothes.

The Eskimos of Alaska make water-proof boots and shirts of the skin of the salmon.

Advertise in the Republican. It pays.

Notice!

I have moved my Shoe Store to 14 E. Second St. to same room in which A. Sciarra, the tailor, is located, also my Repair Shop is in the rear room. I have enlarged my stock and will continue to give you the benefit of low prices and high grade shoes. You will receive the same good work in all the shoe repairing as before.

Yours for continuing business relationship

P. COLABUONO, THE SHOEMAKER

WRONG IMPRESSION OUT

Health Board Has Not Quarantined City As Believed By Some.

The report is being circulated in the southern part of the state that the health board has quarantined the city. Such action has never been taken, and furthermore the board does not contemplate any further quarantine unless there is a much more widespread epidemic. The only quarantine which is being established is where the persons having the scarlet fever reside, and for the prevention of the spread of the disease, the general closing notice was issued. It was probably through this notice that the wrong impression regarding the quarantine was given out.

Many persons seem to believe that about everybody in Seymour is going about with pocketfull of scarlet fever microbes and at every opportunity are scattering them broadcast.

Wednesday a lady residing in the western part of the county asked a business man here if there was any danger of contracting the disease in changing trains as she desired to go to Indianapolis and would be required to walk from the B. & O. station to the Pennsylvania depot. He informed her that he did not believe there would be any danger, as the troublesome germs were being pretty well guarded and wherever found were being given a bath in formaldehyde or some other disinfectant.

Over at North Vernon the people seem to have the impression that the entire town is quarantined, and are fighting shy of any citizens from this place. A railroad man took his little son to that place a few days ago for a visit with relatives. The little fellow had no sooner arrived in town until an officer asked him if he was from Seymour, and upon being told that he was, the officer said he would have to go back home or he would quarantine the house in which his relatives lived.

The officer was of the opinion that the boy was violating the rule of the local health board, as he said he had been informed that nobody was permitted to leave or enter the city limits.

The members of the Seymour health board again urges the citizens to assist in preventing a spread of the disease, for the time of the quarantine depends upon the condition of the epidemic.

Want Ads in the Republican get Results

Notice!



YOU THROW AWAY MONEY when you buy coal full of dirt, stones, slate, etc. They don't burn or give out heat. You save money when you buy our clean, selected coal with not a stone or piece of slate in it. Which do you want to do? Think it over and you will give us your coal order next time you run out.

Raymond City Coal per ton \$4.00
Ebner Ice and Cold Storage Co.
Phone No. 4.

We Are Now Booking

Orders for eggs of Light Brahma Chickens, 15 eggs for \$1.50. We also have two Brahma Cockerels for sale.

Eggs from our Fawn and White Indian Runner Ducks for sale. We also book orders now and fill orders on two or three days' notice.

Prices quoted when desired.

Platter & Co.
Seymour, Ind.



WITH THE ARRIVAL OF SPRING everybody in the building trades gets busy. If you are one and intend erecting a residence, store or any kind of a building see to it that the lumber used is furnished by the Seymour Planing Mill Co. Then you will get what the specifications call for—good, sound, well seasoned wood, the best of its kind. Few dealers have the facilities for getting as good lumber as we have and, as high grade stuff is hard to get, place your orders where you know you will get the best.

SEYMORE PLANING MILL CO.
419 S. Chestnut St.

Quaker Honesty

Every time you place a finger on any one of the Nyal remedies you have touched something good. They are reliable remedies made with scrupulous care and Quaker honesty. Nyal's Hirsutone has won a crown of fame as a hair dressing and tonic. Nyal's Cream is as indispensable as Sylvan Soap, and is used as a skin cream in more than 500 homes in Seymour. February frosts and March winds lose their terrors when this cream is used. Call and learn more about Nyal, and take a whiff of Blue Lily perfume, something exquisitely fine.

Cox Pharmacy

DR. G. W. FARVER,
Practice Limited to
DISEASES OF THE EYE.
Room 2 Andrews-Schwenk Block,
SEYMORE, INDIANA.

Office Hours: 8-12 a. m., 1-5, 7-8 p. m.

GLASSES FITTED.

H. F. BROWN, M. D. C.
VETERINARIAN
Office: Hopewell's Brick Barn.
Phones: Office No. 226, Residence No. 179.
Calls answered promptly.

CONGDON & DURHAM,
Fire, Tornado, Liability,
Accident and Sick Benefit
INSURANCE
Real Estate, Rental Agency
Prompt Attention to All Business

Fire, Lightning, Tornado and Automobile
Insurance
Phone 244
G. L. HANCOCK, Agt.
SEYMORE, IND.

Men's Spring Suits

One great advantage you get by coming to us and asking for our new things

in Hart, Schaffner & Marx clothes

is, you get the latest, the nobbiest and the best tailored clothes that are made.

Our "Vogue" line of fine suits for young men has no equal. See them.

Thomas Clothing Co.

B. & O. S-W.

THE MOST DIRECT LINE TO
WASHINGTON, D. C., BALTIMORE,
MD., PHILADELPHIA, PA., AND
NEW YORK. THREE EXCELLENT
TRAINS EVERY DAY, ELECTRIC
LIGHTED SLEEPING CARS, ELECTRIC
LIGHTED DINING CARS. A
LA CARTE SERVICE. LIBERAL
STOP OVER PRIVILEGES EN-
ROUTE.

ALSO
THE MOST DIRECT ROUTE TO THE
WEST, MAKING DIRECT CONNEC-
TION WITH ALL TRAINS OUT OF
UNION STATION AT ST. LOUIS.
FOR RATES, TIME OF TRAINS,
SLEEPING CAR RESERVATIONS,
CALL AT B. & O. TICKET OFFICE
OR ADDRESS

E. MASSMAN, Agent.
W. P. TOWNSEND,
D. P. A., Vincennes, Ind.

Indianapolis, Columbus & Southern
Traction Company.



In Effect Nov. 14, 1910.	
Northbound	Southbound
Cars Lv. Seymour	Cars Ar. Seymour
TO	FROM
6:55 a. m. I	6:30 a. m.
8:10 a. m. I	7:52 a. m.
9:00 a. m. I	8:53 a. m.
9:17 a. m. I	9:10 a. m.
10:00 a. m. I	9:53 a. m.
11:17 a. m. I	11:10 a. m.
12:00 m. I	11:53 a. m.
*1:17 p. m. I	z1:25 p. m.
2:00 p. m. I	*2:10 p. m.
3:15 p. m. I	3:52 p. m.
4:00 p. m. I	4:45 p. m.
5:00 p. m. I	6:10 p. m.
*6:17 p. m. I	6:53 p. m.
7:00 p. m. I	7:53 p. m.
*8:17 p. m. I	8:10 p. m.
9:00 p. m. I	9:53 p. m.
10:45 p. m. G	9:53 p. m.
11:55 p. m. C	11:38 p. m.

I—Indianaapolis.
G—Greenwood.
C—Columbus.
*Hoosier Flyers.—Dixie Flyers.
x—Seymour-Indianapolis Limited.
z—Makes no country stops between Indianapolis and Edinburgh, but makes all stops south of Edinburgh; connects with the B. & O. west, leaving Seymour at 2:03 p. m.

Cars make connections at Seymour with trains of the B. & O., R. R. and South Indiana R. R. for all points east and west of Seymour.

For rates and full information, see agents and official time table folders in all cars.

General Offices—Columbus, Indiana.

INDIANAPOLIS AND LOUISVILLE
TRACTION COMPANY.



In effect May 10, 1910.
Dixie Flyers leave Seymour for Crottsville, Scottsburg, Sellersburg, Watson Junction, Jeffersonville and Louisville at 9:11, 11:11 a. m. and 2:11, 4:11, 6:11, 8:11 p. m.

Local cars leave Seymour for Louisville and all intermediate points at 6:00, 8:00, 10:00 a. m. 12:00 p. m., *1:00, 3:00, 5:00, 7:00, *9:00, 11:00 p. m.

Freight service daily except Sunday between Seymour, Jeffersonville, Louisville, New Albany and all intermediate points.

Express service given on local passenger cars.

*Runs as far as Scottsburg only.

For rates and further information see agents, or official time table folders in all cars.

GENERAL OFFICES,
Scottsburg, Indiana.

Chicago, Terre Haute and South-
eastern Railway.

Southeastern Line. NORTH BOUND.			
Daily	No. 2	No. 4	No. 6
Lv Seymour	6:40 am	11:40 am	5:05 pm
Lv Bedford	7:58 am	1:00 pm	6:25 pm
Lv Odon	9:07 am	2:08 pm	7:34 pm
Lv Elmera	9:17 am	2:18 pm	7:44 pm
Lv Beechuter	9:33 am	2:35 pm	7:55 pm
Lv Linton	9:48 am	2:48 pm	8:14 pm
Lv Jasonville	10:12 am	3:12 pm	8:35 pm
Ar Tr. Haute	11:05 am	4:05 pm	9:30 pm
Na mixed leaves Westport 6:00 p.m., arrives at Seymour 6:40 p.m. daily except Sunday.			

SOUTH BOUND.

Daily No. 1 No. 3 No. 5

Lv Tr. Haute 6:00 am 11:10 am 5:35 pm

Lv Jasonville 6:34 am 12:04 pm 6:25 pm

Lv Linton 7:11 am 12:40 pm 6:55 pm

Lv Beechuter 7:30 am 12:40 pm 7:20 pm

Lv Elmera 7:45 am 12:55 pm 7:20 pm

Lv Odon 7:55 am 1:05 pm 7:34 pm

Lv Bedford 9:12 am 2:22 pm 8:48 pm

Ar Seymour 10:25 am 3:35 pm 10:00 pm

No. 25 mixed leaves Seymour for Westport at 2:50 p.m., arrives at Westport 4:30 p.m., daily except Sunday.

For time and fare, further information apply to local agent or

H. P. RADLEY, G. P. & T. A.

Trust Building, Terre Haute.

Orozco, the Chief Figure In Mexico's Serious Rebellion

MEXICAN revolutions are not unusual occurrences, but the present one is apparently of a more serious character than those President Porfirio Diaz has quelled heretofore.

Though Francisco I. Madero claims and is usually credited with being the instigator of the latest insurrection by reason of his inability to defeat Diaz for the presidency, his is not the name to conjure with among the rebels. The chief figure developed by the insurrectos is General Pasqual Orozco.

The war began in November, and since that time Orozco has been the hero of four of the revolutionists' most spectacular achievements—at Guerrero, Cerro Prieto, Malpaso and Juarez. It has been predicted that an attack on one of the republic's leading cities will form a fifth.

This military star is but twenty-eight years of age and never served in the Mexican army before, nor has he held public office of any kind. He spent the greater part of his life on the ranch of his father near the city of Chihuahua, where he learned to hit a dime at 200 yards among other things. When twenty-one he decided to move



© 1911, by American Press Association.

GENERAL PASQUAL OROZCO.

into the city and started in Chihuahua as a commission merchant. It is said he has yet to meet Madero, but he became enthusiastic over the revolutionary leader's speeches during his presidential campaign.

At Cerro Prieto Orozco extricated himself from a situation that promised almost total annihilation for his little force. His opponent was General Navarro, whom Orozco later met during his operations around Juarez. Navarro was marching through Chihuahua with 450 men in search of insurgents, and Orozco, with but thirty-five men, was following him. The federal commander, knowing Orozco was expecting reinforcements, planned a trap and disguised 150 of his men in rebel costume and sent them to meet the rebel band.

GENERAL NAVARRO. At first the trick worked, and even the lynx eyed Orozco was deceived. But when the two forces were within 150 yards of each other the insurrecto leader saw his mistake. Instead of retreating in a rout the rebels used their horses as protection and kept up a steady fire. They slowly retreated for eight miles, when the federales abandoned the pursuit. Orozco lost twenty-five of his thirty-five men, but the federal loss is said to have been far greater.

Outside interest in the Mexican rebellion was reawakened by the news that Orozco by a sudden movement had appeared before Juarez, across the Rio Grande river from El Paso, Tex., and had it at his mercy. The federales, fearing the seizure of the custom house, hastily rushed troops. It then dawned on the federales that Orozco was up to something, since he

had been captured.

When a queen is no longer young some instinct teaches the bees that they should look ahead and prepare for future contingencies. The doctrine so frequently enunciated, "Keep only young queens," is simply a lesson taught us by the wisdom of the bees.

The long nights may be turned to good account by the handy man in the mending of supers, etc., that may not be in use. The work can be done thoroughly, as there is no hurry as in the summer when the whole of the parts and fitting are upon active service, so to speak.

Don't set the hives in neat rows, with the entrances all facing one way. They can be placed in pairs, but the pairs should be scattered as widely as possible. This is an important point, but it would take a page to explain all the whys.

It is well to open up and ventilate the bee cellar occasionally for an hour or two after dark and to sweep and gather up any dead bees that may have accumulated on the cellar floor.

Why be content with ten or twenty pounds of surplus honey per hive when a little careful manipulation will mean seventy-five or even 100 pounds from every prosperous colony in a good season?

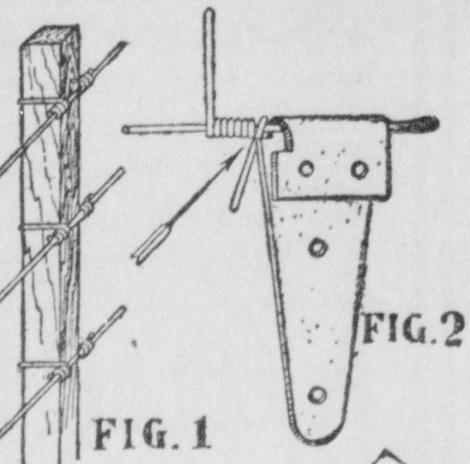
IN SUECROS' SKIRMISH LINE.

could have taken and possibly held Juarez and yet declined. Then they thought of the city of Chihuahua, from which practically all the federal troops were separated, and discovered the insurrectos were between them and the capital and held the railroads and wires.

MADE FROM SCRAP IRON.

How Some Old Material May Be Turned into a Useful Tool.

On every farm there is sure to accumulate in time a considerable amount of old iron. This is always saved with the idea that some of it can be utilized for various purposes and with the knowledge that the remainder can be sold as old iron. It is good economy to save this material, and it is a good plan to sort it more or less closely so that similar articles



USEFUL IN MAKING WIRE JOINTS

[From the Kansas Farmer.]

may be together. Use for something from this scrap pile may be found almost daily. For instance, an old wagon tire may be cut, straightened out and used as the connecting rod on a wagon brake.

In the cut shown herewith there is indicated a way in which a very useful tool may be made from the half of an old strap hinge. This homemade tool is for use in making wire joints or couplings, and the picture shows pretty well how it is used. As the loop on the ordinary hinge is generally too small to accommodate a two or three strand wire, the picture is drawn to show this loop cut off and the end of the hinge bent over to form a new one. Before this new loop is made a section of the hinge should be filed away, as shown, so as to give a grip on the end of the wire. A nice smooth wire coupling or splice not only adds much to its appearance, but increases its life as well. A good joint does not pull apart, and with the aid of this tool it is just as easy to make a good, smooth joint as a poor one, and it lasts.

Kansas Farmer.

The Dane buys our cottonseed and linseed meal and exports butter, keeping all the fertility on his soil. Can the Dane teach us anything?

Method For Old Orchards.

Professor W. N. Munson recommends for treatment of old orchards to plow as early as possible in the spring, harrow at once and apply about 500 pounds of fertilizer to the acre, then harrow about once in two weeks until the middle of August, when a cover crop of rye or spring vetch should be sown. In working among the trees he finds the traceless harness of great value. The exact time and method of tillage are not so important as to be sure that a fair amount of tillage is given.—American Cultivator.

For Tying Up Shocks. A handy thing to use in tying up corn or fodder shocks: Bore a three-eighths inch hole in broomstick; pass through this a piece of clothesline six inches shorter than a hay baling wire. In the end of the line tie a three inch ring. Go around the shock with the line and stick, place the stick through the ring and pull it through. Then you can tie the shock with baling wire.

For an Underground Tank.

We have the assurance of the Scientific American that the best material for an underground tank is heavy black sheet iron thoroughly painted with iron paint or some preserving compound. This is said to be more durable than galvanized iron, especially in some soils and where electric currents exist.

The Hum of the Hive.

The principal products—honey and wax—were never in greater demand than at the present time, and bee-keeping bids fair to soon take a higher rank among the productive industries than as hitherto been accorded it.

There is but one kind of honey for the farmer to produce for his own use, and that is "chunk," comb honey cut out of the frame and put into jars to be kept.

When a queen is no longer young some instinct teaches the bees that they should look ahead and prepare for future contingencies. The doctrine so frequently enunciated, "Keep only young queens," is simply a lesson taught us by the wisdom of the bees.

The long nights may be turned to good account by the handy man in the mending of supers, etc., that may not be in use. The work can be done thoroughly, as there is no hurry as in the summer when the whole of the parts and fitting are upon active service, so to speak.

Don't set the hives in neat rows, with the entrances all facing one way. They can be placed in pairs, but the pairs should be scattered as widely as possible. This is an important point, but it would take a page to explain all the whys.

It is well to open up and ventilate the bee cellar occasionally for an hour or two after dark and to sweep and gather up any dead bees that may have accumulated on the cellar floor.

Why be content with ten or twenty pounds of surplus honey per hive when a little careful manipulation will mean seventy-five or even 100 pounds from every prosperous colony in a good season?

IN SUECROS' SKIRMISH LINE.

could have taken and possibly held Juarez and yet declined. Then they thought of the city of Chihuahua, from which practically all the federal troops were separated, and discovered the insurrectos were between them and the capital and held the railroads and wires.

Famous Old Astor House Yielding to Subway's Demands

HE march of progress is almost daily eliminating old landmarks from Manhattan Island, and now one of these, considered almost as sacred and sure of prolonged existence as Trinity and St. Paul's churches, is threatened. It is the Astor House,

said to be the finest hotel in America, if not in the world, when it was constructed in the early thirties at a cost of \$350,000. If this historic house is obliged to capitulate it will be because of New York's projected triborough subway, which will run beneath Broadway. An examination of the hotel's foundations has convinced architects and builders that it would not be feasible to underpin the structure while a subway was being constructed underneath it. So the Astors—John Jacob and William Waldorf—who control the huge family estate, are already looking ahead and contemplating the erection of a building thirty-five or forty stories in height.

If this plan carries the building will have a remarkable quantity of offices with unimpeded light. The hotel is on Broadway, facing a little square in front of the postoffice, while on the south is St. Paul's, with its churchyard, which probably will never be disturbed. And this is the site that almost marked the northwestern part of the city at the time it was built, and many wisecracks questioned the judgment of old John Jacob Astor.

The history of the Astor House goes back to Knickerbocker days of Nieuw Amsterdam, when it was the site of the old Bull's Head tavern or Drovers Inn, probably the first clubhouse on Manhattan Island. Then there were spreading trees in the yard, beneath which the burghers used to sit smoking.

ZEM

Advice For Sick Women Free

Women suffering from any form of illness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by women. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established this confidence between Mrs. Pinkham and the women of America which has never been broken. Never has she published a testimonial or used a letter without the written consent of the writer, and never has the company allowed these confidential letters to get out of their possession, as the hundreds of thousands of them in their files will attest.

Out of the vast volume of experience which Mrs. Pinkham has to draw from, it is more than possible that she has gained the very knowledge needed in your case. She asks nothing in return except your good will, and her advice has helped thousands. Surely any woman, rich or poor, should be glad to take advantage of this generous offer of assistance. Address Mrs. Pinkham, care of Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Anyway every woman ought to have "Lydia E. Pinkham's 80-page Text Book." It is free also.

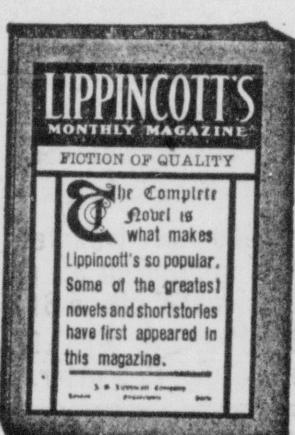
Fill in the following coupon with your name and address and mail it to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., and you will get this valuable book at once, free.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO., LYNN, MASS.

Please, in plain wrapper, send a copy of

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Private Text Book Upon
Ailments Peculiar to Women"

To _____



For Good Reading Get LIPPINCOTT'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE

Each Issue Complete in Itself

Its contents is of such a compelling nature as to cause the reader to buy one number and want the next. LIPPINCOTT'S now covers a wide field of discriminating readers who seek only that which is best in Fiction, Fact, and Fun.

ONE YEAR'S SUBSCRIPTION WILL BRING TO YOU

12 GREAT COMPLETE NOVELS—one in each issue.
50 TIMELY ARTICLES by competent writers.
75 SHORT STORIES—clever, clean-cut, and vital.
50 PLEASING POEMS that need no interpreter.
200 PAGES OF NEW AMERICAN HUMOR in "Walnuts and Wine," the most widely quoted humor section in America.
2000 pages yearly of exhilarating reading.

25 cents per copy

Send all orders to this paper or to
LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE

SEND FOR OUR SPECIAL MAGAZINE OFFERS

\$2.50 a year

E. Washington Sq.

Philadelphia, Pa.

OUR LETTER HEADS ARE



COME IN AND PLACE YOUR ORDER
WORK IS RIGHT --- PRICE IS RIGHT

W.B. NUFORM CORSETS

The best popular-priced Corset made.

Every figure can be becomingly corseted in one of the many attractive W.B. Nuform models. They present the figure in graceful lines and erect poise, effecting a decided improvement.

Made of service-giving fabrics—daintily finished and perfect in fit.

Price \$1.00 upwards to \$5.00 per pair.

Sold at all stores, everywhere.

WEINGARTEN BROS., Makers, 34th St. and Broadway, N. Y.



LORD CAMOYS

Titled Briton Is Looking Over American Eligibles.



© 1911, by American Press Association.

New York, March 2.—Baron Camoys, usher at the Decies-Gould wedding, who, it is reported, will stay in America awhile to choose a bride, hasn't lost his heart to any one certain girl as yet. When asked if among the many American girls he had met there was one that appealed to him more than another, Lord Camoys remarked: "My choice might be any one of a dozen young women."

COURT CHARGED WITH BIAS AND PREJUDICE

George Cox Takes Step Toward
Change of Venue.

Cincinnati, March 2.—When he filed in the court of common pleas an affidavit charging Judge Frank M. Gorman with "bias and prejudice," George B. Cox took the first step in his fight against the indictments charging him with perjury.

The object of the affidavit, it is alleged, is to "swear the judge off the bench." While recent Ohio decisions make it mandatory on the judge so sworn to vacate, Prosecuting Attorney Hunt said he will resist the effect of the Cox affidavit.

The ground for the belief in prejudice as made in the affidavit of Cox is given as Judge Gorman's dissent to the appointment of an employee of the Cincinnati Trust company, the bank of which Cox is president, as a jail commissioner of the county. The eight Republican judges then on the bench of common pleas endorsed the appointment, which was suggested by Governor Harmon. Dissenting from this decision, Judge Gorman said:

"The influences emanating from the Cincinnati Trust company, where he is employed, are not in the interests of better things for this community."

HE GAVE UP

Joseph G. Robin, Bank Wrecker,
Abandons Insanity Defense.

New York, March 2.—The rumor that Joseph G. Robin had decided to abandon his defense of insanity on his trial before Supreme Court Justice Seabury for stealing \$27,000 from the Washington Savings bank and enter a plea of guilty was verified when his counsel, W. T. Jerome, withdrew from the case, and Robin stood before the bar and in a perfectly sane manner admitted that he was guilty.

Sentence upon Robin was adjourned until March 27, upon the request of District Attorney Whitman, who stated that Robin had agreed to give valuable information concerning other cases under investigation by the district attorney and concerning persons not yet under indictment. These statements were taken to mean that Robin may tell of certain financial operations that preceded the closing of the Carnegie Trust company.

SUNDAY BASE BALL

Bill Legalizing Same Passes Lower House of Ohio Legislature.

Columbus, O., March 2.—By a vote of 61 to 46 the house passed the Sunday baseball bill, under which games on Sunday will be legalized. The measure repeals a section of the fundamental laws of the state adopted in the early history of Ohio. In anticipation of this bill, the house recently passed another measure which puts it up to city councils to say whether Sunday games shall or shall not be played. It is within the province of councils to prevent the games. Both bills have yet to go to the senate.

Mrs. Heeren Lost Suit.

New York, March 2.—Detention of Mrs. Cora Heeren by the Syracuse police on the suspicion that she or her mother, Mrs. Laura Berton, with whom she was traveling on a New York Central train in May, 1908, might be Mrs. Belle Gunness, the murderer, does not entitle Mrs. Heeren to damages from the railroad. Supreme Court Justice Kapper has so decided.

Four Taken as Coniackers.

Savanna, Ill., March 2.—John Carr, son, Ed and Ben, and Frank Howard, a one-armed peddler, were arrested and taken to Freeport, the first three being charged with making counterfeit nickels and the latter with passing them.

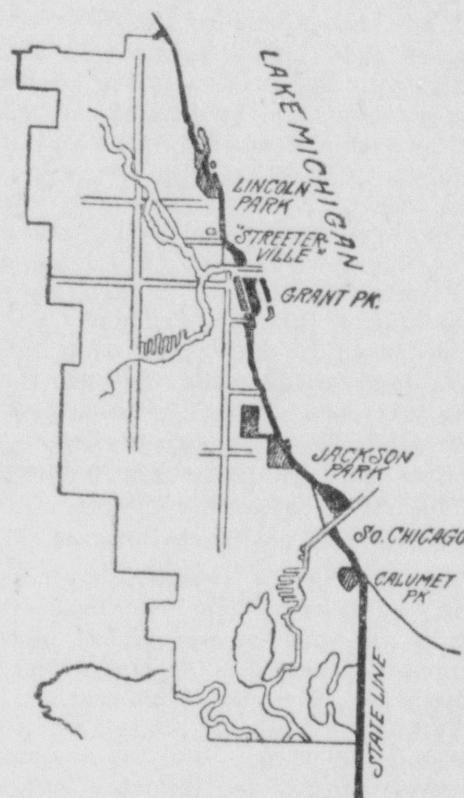
CHICAGO LAKE FRONT STOLEN?

Illinois Legislative Committee Charges \$250,000,000 Land Grab.

Accusations of a \$250,000,000 land grab have been made after two years of investigation by a special committee appointed by the Illinois legislature, and some prolonged legal battles between alleged usurping corporations and the state government are expected to result. This so called steal is perhaps the largest on record so far as public land is concerned, and the outcome of the cases will affect many cities in the United States.

Chicago is particularly interested, as the investigators assert that practically its entire water frontage has been grabbed by railroad, dock and other corporations desiring to use the shores of Lake Michigan. Mississippi wharfage rights are also at stake, so the issue, it is predicted, will spread to other commonwealths bounded by the Father of Waters.

In the case of Chicago the grab was chiefly in "made" land—that is, shallows beyond the shore line which have been filled in until connected with the mainland. Practically the entire lake



MAP SHOWING AMOUNT OF CHICAGO'S WATER FRONTAGE CLAIMED TO HAVE BEEN STOLEN.

front of Chicago has been added to in this manner; hence the amount at stake.

The committee recommends the revocation of the charter of one powerful railroad which originally entered the city by means of a trestle in the lake, but which has filled it in so that it now runs on solid ground.

The committee also delves into the famous case of Captain George Wellington Streeter, who established what he termed the "district of Lake Michigan" on a sand bar a hundred feet or so from the shore line and had to be ousted by police, militia and Gatling guns. That plot of ground is now occupied by huge factories and a park, and the investigators assert there is grave question to the title of the "district" and that Streeter is nearer right than any one in his claims of ownership.

An appropriation is recommended with which to prosecute the cases to restore the land to the state.

IS NATION'S YOUNGEST MAYOR

West Virginia Editor and City Head at Twenty-one.

Grantsville, W. Va., claims to have the youngest mayor in the world, and the assertion has not yet been disproved. The civic phenomenon is Boyd B. Stutler, aged twenty-one, and he is not only mayor, but the editor of a weekly paper as well.

The youthful mayor has just taken his seat, having defeated a prominent physician fifteen years his senior by three votes. Grantsville is the county seat of Calhoun county and contains about 300 inhabitants. He is

the only one in the state to be elected to office at such a young age.

He is the youngest mayor in the country.

SENATE SAVES LORIMER'S FACE

NEWSY PARAGRAFS.

"Blonde Boss" Retains His Seat After All

SAVED BY A MAJORITY OF SIX

One of the Most Impressive Scenes in Years in the Senate Was Enacted When Vote Was Taken on Beveridge Resolution to Oust Junior Senator From Illinois on Charge That His Election Was Tainted.

Washington, March 2.—By a vote of 46 to 40 the senate refused to unseat Senator Lorimer of Illinois. This brings to a close, at least so far as the present congress is concerned, a fight that has been waged for almost a year against the Illinois senator on the charge that his election to the senate was accomplished by bribery. Senator Lorimer was saved by the votes of men who will retire from the senate on March 4. Nearly every one of the lame ducks voted for him. Lorimer's opponents apparently do not intend to end their fight. Some of them have been hinting that new testimony will be produced in the next session and an attempt will be made to reopen the case upon this. It will be practically impossible, however, to put Lorimer on trial again before the senate unless strong new evidence is produced.

Scene Was an Impressive One.

The vote in the senate was closer than had been anticipated. The calling of the roll was one of the most impressive scenes in years. Every senator but three was in his seat.

The accused senator himself was on the floor, somewhat pale, but as calm as ever, until a few minutes before the roll call began. All eyes in the galleries were focussed on him, but that did not deter him, shortly before the hour of the vote, from arising and delivering a spirited rebuke to Senator Owen of Oklahoma, who was supposed to be saying the final word against Lorimer. The Illinois senator in tense tones accused the Oklahoma senator of conducting "a campaign of telegrams" against him, of wiring about the country in an effort to get eleventh-hour replies intended to prejudice the senate against statements made by him. Then the vice president's gavel fell and he announced that the hour had arrived for a vote on the pending resolution.

Attention Centered on Cullom.

The resolution was the one introduced by Senator Beveridge, which declares the Lorimer election illegal and his title to a seat invalid. The crowd in the chamber seemed almost breathless as the clerk called the name of Aldrich, the first on the roll. The Rhode Island senator was one of three who were absent, excepting, of course, Senator Lorimer himself, who had retired to one of the anti-rooms.

The other two absentees were Terrell of Georgia, who was away on account of illness, and Frazier of Tennessee, who has been called to the deathbed of his mother.

The attention of the senate was centered at the beginning of the roll call upon Senator Cullom, Mr. Lorimer's colleague from Illinois. A number of senators had been wavering on the case, and it was conceded by the Lorimer people that Cullom's vote likely would carry several with it. The venerable Illinois senator answered a feeble "no" when his name was called, thus registering his vote in support of Lorimer. The Lorimer forces gave a sigh of relief as the Cullom vote was recorded.

How the Senators Stood.

Here are the senators who voted against the resolution and in support of Lorimer:

Republicans: Bradley, Brandegee, Briggs, Bulkeley, Burnham, Burrows, Carter, Clarke of Wyoming, Crane, Cullom, Curtis, Depew, Dick, Dillingham, Dupont, Flint, Frye, Gallinger, Gamble, Guggenheim, Hale, Heyburn, Kean, McCumber, Nixon, Oliver, Penrose, Perkins, Piles, Richardson, Scott, Smoot, Stephenson, Warren and Wetmore.

Democrats—Bailey, Bankhead, Foster, Fletcher, Johnston, Paynter, Simmons, Smith of Maryland, Thornton, Tillman and Watson. Total noes, 46.

Thirty-five Republicans and eleven Democrats thus voted to vindicate Lorimer.

Ayes (anti-Lorimer): Republicans—Beveridge, Borah, Bourne, Bristow, Brown, Burkett, Burton, Clapp, Crawford, Cummings, Dixon, Gronna, Jones, LaFollette, Lodge, Nelson, Page, Root, Smith of Michigan, Sutherland, Warner and Young.

Democrats—Bacon, Chamberlain, Clarke of Arkansas, Culberson, Davis, Gore, Martin, Money, Newlands, Overman, Owen, Percy, Rayner, Shively, Smith of South Carolina, Stone, Swanson and Taylor. Total ayes, 40.

Absent—Aldrich, Frazier and Terrell.

Of the forty who voted against him, twenty-two were Republicans and eighteen Democrats. Lorimer thus had thirty-five members of his own party in favor of sustaining him as compared with twenty-two who voted against him. Taliaferro of Florida was the only senator present who did not vote. He had not made up his mind.

The senate has passed the agricultural appropriation bill.



READY TO PLAY HIS LAST CARD

The President Tired of Senate's Methods.

IT MEANS A SPECIAL SESSION

"Let Them Sizzle Awhile; I'm Through Stewing," Is the Way President Taft Was Quoted as Referring to the Senate and Its Apparent Disposition to Kill Off Reciprocity Legislation.

Washington, March 2.—Hope of obtaining reciprocity legislation at this session has been abandoned by the president, who will devote his efforts from now until the close of the session to clearing the decks for the appropriation bills and the calling of a special session.

With only two days remaining of the present session, the senate is confronted with a legislative tangle that not only seems to predict certain defeat for Canadian reciprocity, but endangers the passage of some of the appropriation bills. The compromise reached Tuesday seems to have accomplished little beyond the disposal of the Lorimer case, and indications are now that the insurgents will have a difficult task in forcing the bill creating a permanent tariff commission through the senate.

When the senate progressives consented to a vote on the Lorimer case, they forced the laying of the tariff commission bill before the senate as the unfinished business and obtained a gentlemen's agreement that there would be no filibuster against the vote on the measure. Developments show that the gentlemen's agreement was not an all-embracing affair. It did not include Senators Heyburn and Hale on the Republican side, and Senator Stone and some of his supporters on the Democratic side. All of these are bitter opponents of the tariff commission idea, and they will do everything possible to accomplish its defeat by indulging in a polite form of filibuster.

The fact is no longer concealed that the reciprocity bill has practically no champion on the Republican side of the senate. The president no longer is worrying over the situation. He has done his best to lay the matter before congress and the country and to emphasize the necessity for action. He is sitting back now, prepared if necessary to play his last card in the way of a special session. "Let them sizzle a while, I'm through stewing," was the way the president was quoted by one of his visitors as referring to the senate.

STATE ENTOMOLOGIST

Issues Statement Regarding the Seventeen Year Locusts.

This is one of the years for the possible reappearance of the seventeen year locust, and R. W. Douglass, state entomologist, has issued a call to the people of the state to take steps to prevent damage which may be done by this insect. With regard to this pest, Mr. Douglass says:

"We are beginning to have calls for information relative to the appearance of the seventeen year locust. Many fruit growers and nurserymen have asked for information to guide them in their stock. The last appearance of the locust, or, as it should be called, the cicada was in 1902, and the possible reoccurrence of the insect this year is accounted for by the fact that there are a number of different broods of these insects, and they do not all mature at the same time.

"The cicadas are feared by fruit growers because of their habit of laying eggs in the twigs of trees—especially fruit trees. In orchards the eggs are laid always in the under side of the branch, and the wounds are excellent points of entrance for various fungi which destroy the wood. The eggs soon hatch and the young insects emerge to fall to the ground. They immediately burrow in the soil and are not seen again for years. They live deep in the soil and seem to disappear in districts that are cultivated, confining their distribution to wooded sections. They seldom enter towns of any size, and in this differ from the two-year-cicada which is a common insect.

"I desire to get reports of the occurrence of the locusts when they appear this season so that we can more accurately map their distribution in this state. For this reason we want our friends in the south part of the state to keep close watch for the insects.

"Fruit growers need have but little fear of great damage from the present infestation, as the damage to fruit trees can be prevented to a very great extent by spraying the trees with bordeaux mixture. This is not an insecticide, but acts as a repellent and the cicadas do not lay their eggs on trees that are so sprayed."

Superintendent J. A. Linke, went to Clifford Wednesday evening for a visit of several days with relatives.

Building Material

The Very Best
at the
Lowest Prices

Lumber, Shingles, Lath,
Sash, Doors and Blinds.

High Grade Mill Work

Veeneered Doors and Interior Finishes.

Travis Carter Co.

Phone Us

Your orders
for Spring delivery
for

California privet

Seymour Greenhouses

Phone 58

Seymour Drug Store

Announces A Full Line of
Drugs, Patent Medicines,
Toilet Articles and Perfumes

ALL NEW AND FRESH

W. B. Hopkins, Prop.

Registered Pharmacist by Examination

NO. 10 ST. LOUIS AVE.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES

Prescriptions
A Specialty

GEORGE F. MEYER'S
DRUG STORE

BAGGAGE TRANSFER.

Call 'Phone 468 for transfer of
baggage or light hauling in all parts
of the city. Residence phone 612-R.

SAMUEL S. WIBLE.

Successor to A. T. Foster.

WATCH REPAIRING

If your watch is not giving correct time, call and have it repaired. Charges are reasonable. Jewelry the best grade at lowest prices. Cut prices on 1847 Roger Silverware at

T. R. HALEY'S Jewelry Store
10 East Second St., Seymour, Indiana

H. LETT, M. D. C.

Veterinary Surgeon
111 W. Third St., SEYMORE.
Phones—New 643 and 644, Old 97 and 80.

KINDIG BROS. ARCHITECTS

AND GENERAL CONTRACTORS
Home Office 411 W. 5th St.
Phone No. 672. SEYMORE, IND.

ELMER E. DUNLAP, ARCHITECT

824-828 State Life Bldg. INDIAN-
APOLIS. Branch Office: Columbus

"Will Go on Your Bond" INSURANCE

Clark B. Davis
LOANS NOTARY

LEWIS & SWAILS LAWYERS

SEYMORE, INDIANA

ANNA E. CARTER NOTARY PUBLIC

Pension Vouchers Filed Out.
Office at the Daily REPUBLICAN
office, 108 West Second Street.



Makes Home Baking Easy

Royal Baking Powder helps the housewife to produce at home, quickly and economically, fine and tasty cake, hot biscuit, puddings, the frosted layer cake, crisp cookies, crullers, crusts and muffins, fresh, clean, tasty and wholesome, with which the ready-made food found at the shop or grocery does not compare. Royal is the greatest of bake-day helps.

ROYAL COOK BOOK—800 RECEIPTS—FREE

Send Name and Address.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

NEWSY PARAGRAFS.

Mrs. Cary Croucher of Medora, who has been visiting at Shelbyville for several days, returned home Wednesday evening. Mr. Croucher came here and accompanied her home.

W. B. Hopkins returned last night from Louisville. Mrs. Hopkins, who underwent an operation at the hospital there is doing well but will remain at the hospital several weeks.

J. O. White is seriously ill with lung trouble at his home on West Fifth street.

On account of the quarantine there will be no meeting tomorrow of the Parents Teachers' Association.

Mrs. Jacob Baker left for Marble Corner this morning, called there by the serious illness of her mother.

Miss Edna Elliott went to Louisville this morning on account of the illness of her aunt, Mrs. Effie Nugent.

Edwin Heuser, teller at the First National Bank, is under quarantine on account of scarlet fever. His condition is not regarded as serious.

The water tank in the B. & O. yards is being torn down today. The larger tank, which has a capacity of 50,000 gallons is about completed and is now in use.

The remains of Daniel Devers who died Monday at the home of John Stewart south of Reddington, were taken to Indianapolis today at 11 o'clock for burial.

The Lodge of Eagles of Louisville will entertain with a reception and banquet Sunday. A number of the local Eagles will attend the exercises. If a sufficient number can arrange to go down they will have a special car, returning late Sunday night.

BIG COW SALE
SEYMORE, MARCH 6, 1911
AT 1:00 P. M.

Hopewell's Livery Barn

I will sell at Public Auction, March 6, at 1:00 p. m., at Hopewell's Livery Barn,

25 Fine Jersey AND Short Horn Cows

These cows have calves by side and if you want to buy something good do not miss this.

Terms given on day of sale.

C. W. KEACH

CROTHERVILLE, IND.

COL. TOM VINNEDGE, Auctioneer.

Absent—Aldrich, Frazier and Terrell.

Of the forty who voted against him,

twenty-two were Republicans and eighteen Democrats. Lorimer thus had thirty-five members of his own party in favor of sustaining him as

compared with twenty-two who voted against him. Taliaferro of Florida was

the only senator present who did not vote. He had not made up his mind.

The senate has passed the agricultural appropriation bill.

Laundry and Toilet Soap, all kinds.

Washing Powders, Extracts, in fact

a full line of up-to-date groceries.

PHONE 359.

J. W. HEN

GOODS DELIVERED.